



Price, Price, Price just right!

HOW DID SCARCITY CAT DECIDE TO PRICE HER LIMBURGER CHEESE?

Scenario #1: Scarcity Cat charges one penny per pound of Limburger cheese.



- ▶ What does Megan think about this plan?
- ▶ What do the rats think about this plan?
- ▶ What happens when the skunks arrive?



Scenario #2: Scarcity Cat charges one million dollars per pound of Limburger cheese.



- ▶ What does Megan think about this plan?
- ▶ What do the rats think about this plan?
- ▶ What happens when the skunks arrive?



Scenario #3: Scarcity Cat charges seven dollars per pound of Limburger cheese.

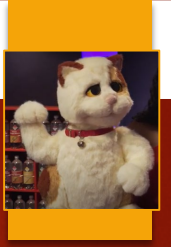


- ▶ What does Megan think about this plan?
- ▶ What do the rats think about this plan?
- ▶ What happens when the skunks arrive?

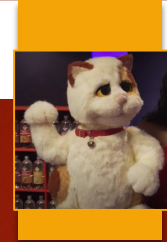


How did
Scarcity Cat
determine that
\$7/lb was the
best price for
her Limburger?





COST + PROFIT = PRICE



$$\text{COST} + \text{PROFIT} = \text{PRICE}$$

It cost Scarcity Cat
\$3 per pound to get
the Limburger to her
store.

She wanted to make
a profit of \$4 per
pound.

She added her costs
and her desired profit
to determine the price
of the Limburger.





ASSESSMENT:

- ▶ If the price of an item is too _____, then customers will not want to buy it.
- ▶ If the price of an item is too _____, then the business selling it will not make enough money.
- ▶ Businesses must think about _____ and _____ when setting the price of an item.

low	profit
cost	high